This is an official

CDC Health Update

Distributed via Health Alert Network

February 24, 2006, 16:08 EST (04:08PM EST)

Inhalation Anthrax Case Investigation, Pennsylvania, New York City – Update, 2/24/2006

Laboratory testing from the patient's storage/work facility, his van and his residence have identified Bacillus anthracis. These findings are consistent with the hypothesis that the patient's exposure occurred while working on contaminated hides while making traditional drums.

The patient remains hospitalized in Pennsylvania. Investigation of other potentially exposed persons continues; seven persons are currently on post-exposure prophylaxis for inhalation anthrax. None of these individuals have symptoms of anthrax. In addition, surveillance has not identified any other illness consistent with anthrax disease in NY and PA.

Animal hides pose a low risk of cutaneous anthrax, and an extremely low risk of inhalation anthrax. Exotic animal hides may pose a higher risk for exposure than domestic (U.S.-origin) hides. The risk of contracting Bacillus anthracis from handling individual hides is believed to be very low. The industrial handling of large numbers of hides, or hair from multiple animals, has historically been associated with increased risk of anthrax. Among the 236 cases of anthrax reported to CDC from 1955 to 1999, 153 (65%) were associated with industrial handling of animal hide or hair. Only 9 of the 153 cases (6%) associated with industrial handling of hair or hide were inhalation anthrax.

The risk of acquiring anthrax from an animal hide drum is very low. Of 236 cases of anthrax reported to CDC from 1955 through 1999, only one case of cutaneous anthrax was associated with a goat hide bongo drum purchased in Haiti. No cases of inhalation anthrax in the US have ever been associated with animal hide drums. The New York patient's exposure occurred when he was making and finishing drums made from untanned animal hides, and was not associated with playing finished drums. His exposure was similar to that experienced during industrial handling of hides, which has been previously associated with an increased risk of anthrax. CDC does not currently recommend prophylaxis for persons who have had contact with animal hide drums. However, drum owners or players should report any unexplained febrile illness or unusual skin lesions to their healthcare provider, and describe their recent contact with animal hide drums.

For case definitions, treatment guidelines, laboratory testing procedures, etc, see Anthrax Information for Health Care Providers.

http://www.bt.cdc.gov/agent/anthrax/anthrax-hcp-factsheet.asp

DHEC Contact Information for Reportable Diseases and Reporting Requirements

Reporting of cases or possible cases of anthrax consistent with South Carolina Law requiring the reporting of diseases and conditions to your state or local public health department. (State Law # 44-29-10 and Regulation # 61-20) as per the DHEC 2004 List of Reportable Conditions available at: http://www.scdhec.gov/health/disease/docs/reportable conditions.pdf

Federal HIPAA legislation allows disclosure of protected health information, without consent of the individual, to public health authorities to collect and receive such information for the purpose of preventing or controlling disease. (HIPAA 45 CFR §164.512).

Regional Public Health Offices

Mail or call reports to the Epidemiology Office in each Public Health Region.

Region 1 (Anderson, Oconee)

220 McGee Road Anderson, SC 29625 Phone: (864) 231-1966 Fax: (864) 260-5623

Nights / Weekends: 1-866-298-4442

(Abbeville, Edgefield, Greenwood, Laurens, McCormick, Saluda)

1736 S. Main Street Greenwood, SC 29646 Phone: 1-888-218-5475 Fax: (864) 942-3690

Nights / Weekends: 1-800-420-1915

Region 2 (Greenville, Pickens)

PO Box 2507 200 University Ridge Greenville, SC 29602-2507 Phone: (864) 282-4139 Fax: (864) 282-4373

Nights / Weekends: (864) 460-5355 or

1-800-993-1186

(Cherokee, Spartanburg, Union)

PO Box 4217 151 E. Wood Street Spartanburg, SC 29305-4217 Phone: (864) 596-2227 ext. 210

Fax: (864) 596-3443

Nights / Weekends: (864) 809-3825

Region 3

(Chester, Lancaster, York)

PO Box 817 1833 Pageland Highway Lancaster, SC 29721 Phone: (803) 286-9948 Fax: (803) 286-5418

Nights / Weekends: 1-866-867-3886 or 1-888-739-0748

(Fairfield, Lexington, Newberry, Richland)

2000 Hampton Street Columbia, SC 29204 Phone: (803) 576-2749 Fax: (803) 576-2993

Nights / Weekends: (803) 304-4252

Region 4

(Clarendon, Kershaw, Lee, Sumter)

PO Box 1628 105 North Magnolia Street Sumter, SC 29150 Phone: (803) 773-5511 Fax: (803) 773-6366

Nights/Weekends: 1-877-831-4647

(Chesterfield, Darlington, Dillon, Florence, Marlboro, Marion)

145 E. Cheves Street Florence, SC 29506 Phone: (843) 661-4830 Fax: (843) 661-4859

Nights / Weekends: (843) 660-8145

Region 5

(Bamberg, Calhoun, Orangeburg)

PO Box 1126 1550 Carolina Avenue Orangeburg, SC 29116 Phone: (803) 533-7199 Fax: (803) 536-9118

Nights / Weekends: (803) 954-8513

Region 5 (cont)

(Aiken, Allendale, Barnwell)

1680 Richland Avenue, W. Suite 40 Aiken, SC 29801 Phone: (803) 642-1618 Fax: (803) 643-8386

Nights / Weekends: (803) 827-8668 or 1-800-614-1519

Region 6

(Georgetown, Horry, Williamsburg)

2830 Oak Street Conway, SC 29526-4560 Phone: (843) 365-3126 Fax: (843) 365-3153

Nights / Weekends: (843) 381-6710

Region 7

Berkeley, Charleston, Dorchester)

4050 Bridge View Drive, Suite 600 N. Charleston, SC 29405 Phone: (843) 746-3806 Fax: (843) 746-3851

Nights / Weekends: (843) 219-8470

Region 8

(Beaufort, Colleton, Hampton, Jasper)

219 S. Lemacks Street Walterboro, SC 29488 Phone: (843) 525-7603 Fax: (843) 549-6845

Nights / Weekends: 1-800-614-4698

Bureau of Disease Control Acute Disease Epidemiology Division

1751 Calhoun Street Box 101106 Columbia, SC Phone: (803) 898-0861 Fax: (803) 898-0897

Nights / Weekends: 1-888-847-0902

Categories of Health Alert messages:

Health Alert conveys the highest level of importance; warrants immediate action or attention.

Health Advisory provides important information for a specific incident or situation; may not require immediate action.

Health Update provides updated information regarding an incident or situation; unlikely to require immediate action.